Russian Chess Literature: Early Periodicals - continued

Part 3

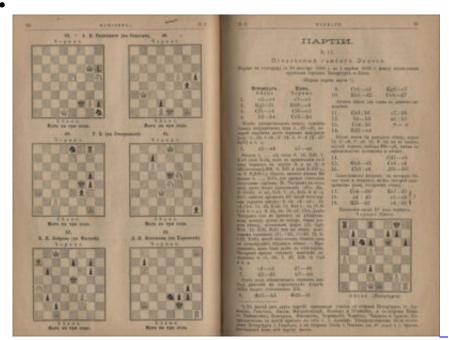


by Michael Clapham

Part one: <u>Russian Chess Literature: A brief history</u>
Part two: <u>Russian Chess Literature: Early Periodicals</u>

7. Shashechnitsa: Ezhemesyachnyĭ Zhurnal, Moscow 1891. edited by D. I. Sargin and P. P. Bobrov. Sakharov (1968) 211, Di Felice 2439, LN 6314.

Shashechnitsa was launched in July 1891, six months after the St Petersburg magazine Shakmatnyĭ Zhurnal had commenced, and for the first time, Russia had two contemporary chess journals. Although titled Shashechnitsa (Draughtsplayer), the magazine was conceived as a publication equally devoted to chess and draughts. However, chess predominated from the outset; the first issue included 38 pages of chess and 10 pages of draughts.



Shashechnitsa, September

1891, pages 90-91



_ Shashechnitsa, advert for proposed volume 2

The magazine's title proved misleading to the public and after six months the journal was renamed Shakhmatnoe Obozrenie (Chess Review) and continued with the same numbering - see next item.



8. Shakhmatnoe Obozrenie: Ezhemesyachnyĭ Zhurnal, Posvyashchennyĭ Igram v Shakhmaty i Shashki, Moscow 1892 to 1910 intermittently. Editors: initially D. I. Sargin and P. P. Bobrov, then Sargin in 1892-93 and Bobrov from 1901 to 1910. Sakharov (1968) 211, Di Felice 2401, LN 6315.

As the full title indicates, this continued to be dedicated to both chess and draughts, with articles, games, problems, obituaries, news and reviews on both games included. The magazine contained contributions from many prominent chess writers from home and abroad. There were theoretical articles by S. Alapin, A. Goncharov, I. Savenkov, A. Hardin, M. Shabelsky, etc., and M. Gonyaev wrote a number of historical essays. The editors arranged competitions for both composing and solving chess problems.





There were long gaps in publication from 1894 to 1900, and 1905 to 1908, many issues were double, treble and even quadruple numbers, and the promised final two issues for 1904 (77 and 78) never appeared. However, during the periods 1903 to 1904 and 1909 to 1910 this was the only chess periodical in Russia. This was fortunate as the magazine was able to give wide coverage to the important 3rd All Russian Tournament held in Kiev in 1903, won by Chigorin, and the outstanding Chigorin Memorial Tournament held in St. Petersburg in 1909 - equal first Emanuel Lasker and Akiba Rubinstein.

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_ 3rd All Russian Tournament

crosstable

The editors organised a number of correspondence tournaments, and the January 1904 issue includes details of Alexander Alekhine's participation in these events as a 10 and 11-year-old.

Наши шахматные турниры по перепискъ.

Въ нашемъ VI-мъ турниръ по перепискъ Н. Е. Зубакинъ (с. Серги) вынгралъ объ нартіи у А. А. Алехина (Москва) и пронгралъ одну В. М. Малкову (Ялта); вынгралъ партію у В. М. Малкова А. А. Алехинъ.

Въ VII-мъ турнирѣ Б. Г. Чернявскій (Москва) выпгралъ партію у А. А. Алехина; П. Г. Виноградовъ (Англія) выпгралъ по партіи у И. И. Мяскова (Житоміръ) и Н. А. Александровъ (Москва) и объ партіи у Б. Г. Чернявскаго; Н. А. Александровъ выпгралъ объ партіи у И. И. Мяскова (Житоміръ) и проигралъ одну партію А. М. Андріяшеву (Петербургъ); послъдній выпгралъ еще одну партію у И. И. Мяскова и одну партію окончилъ въ ничью съ Б. Г. Чернявскимъ.

Изъ этого турнира выбыли А. А. Алехинъ и С. В. Антушевъ (Кашинъ). Неоконченныя ими партін на основанія § 11 правилъ нашихъ турнировъ по перепискѣ зачтены выигранными ихъ против-

никамъ.



The issue covering January, February, March and April 1909 includes two fine group photographs from the St Petersburg tournament:





Several people are in both photographs.

The volume for 1909 also includes an enormous folding leaf, with seven folds, stretching to nearly a metre in length. This gives the results of the games between 34 masters up to 1909. The overall results were as follows:

	TOI		Всего партій	Резуль- татъ	0/0	
58	13	31	102	731/2	72,06	Ласкеръ.
99	30	108	227	1431/2	63,22	Мароци.
81	32	73	186	1171/2	63,17	Рубинштейнъ.
49	21	40	110	69	62,77	Бернштейнъ.
79	39	62	180	110	61,11	Таррашъ.
63	36	36	135	81	60	Дурасъ.
128	71	216	403	232	57,82	Шлехтеръ.
129	110	68	307	163	53,09	Яновскій.
71	65	110	246	126	51,22	Тейхманъ.
36	34	32	102	52	50,97	Видмаръ.
114	109	121	344	1741/2	50,73	Маршалль.
55	53	73	181	911/2	50,55	Сальве.
76	80	67	223	1091/2	49,10	Шпильманъ.
35	38	36	109	53	48,62	Тартаковеръ.
22	25	40	87 .	42	48,28	Форгачъ.
41	47	61	149	711/2	47,93	Барделебенъ.
22	25	26	73	35	47,95	Іонъ.
23	27	28	78	37	47,44	Нѣмцовичъ.
28	32	15	75	351/2	47,33	Фарни.
55	65	64	184	87	47,28	Леонардтъ.
46	55	32	133	62	46,62	Свидерскій.
36	46	39	.121	551/2	45,87	Перлисъ.
41	56	67	164	741/2	45,43	Алапинъ.
110	130	80	310	140	45,16	Мизесъ.
61	86	110	257	116	45,14	Марко.
40	59	53	152	661/2	43,75	Бёрнъ.
42	65	73	180	781/2	43,61	Вольфъ.
21	30	15	66	281/2	43,18	Дузъ-Хотимирскій
16	33	57	106	441/2	41,98	Бергеръ.
20	37	28	85	34	40	Зноско-Боровскій.
15	48	64	127	47	37,01	Зюхтингъ.
22	61	27	110	351/2	32,27	Э. Конъ.
13	45	27	85	261/2	30,81	Готшаль.
16	48	14	78	23	29,49	Іонеръ.

Following the death of Chigorin in 1908, Znosko-Borovsky had picked up the baton of his campaign for Russian chess unity, and published a Draft Charter of All-Russian Chess and a follow-up article: On the question of the organisation of All-Russian Chess Union, in the 1909 magazine.

9. Shakhmaty: Zhurnal, Posvyashchennyĭ Shakhmatnoĭ Igrye, St. Petersburg 1894. Sakharov (1968) 212, Di Felice 2422, LN 6316.

This fortnightly magazine appeared for 12 issues between January and July 1894. Editors noted in various sources include the publisher A. S. Suvorin, M. P. Fedorov and Mikhail Chigorin. Chigorin actually contributed most of the content and M. Shabelsky also took an active part in the magazine.

In addition to the usual material, the matches between Chigorin and Lasker in 1893, and Lasker and Steinitz in 1894 were covered. The magazine commenced the publication of all the games between Labourdonnais and McDonnell, but only 36 of these "brilliant rejoicing inspirations of the past" had been printed before the journal closed for financial reasons. Among the books reviewed were the works of A. Binet, who explored blindfold play from a psychological viewpoint, - see LN 3406 and LN 3407.

10. Tygodnik Szachowy (Chess Weekly), Warsaw 1898-1899. edited by V. Dzerzhbitsky. Sakharov (1968) 213, Di Felice 2684, LN 6280.

Published in Warsaw, Poland, which, at the time was partitioned by Russia, this was the first chess periodical in the Polish language. The magazine concentrated on chess life in Poland and included theoretical and historical articles, games, problems and also literary items including poetry. Draughts players were also catered for.

Numbers 1 to 14 in 1898, and 1 to 46 in 1899 were published, the majority of which were double numbers.

11. Shakhmaty: Ezhemesyachnyĭ Zhurnal Vykhodyashchiĭ v Odesse, Odessa 1911, edited by N. E. Laurent or Loren. Sakharov (1968) 214, Di Felice 2420, LN 6319.

This, the first chess periodical published in the Motherland outside of St. Petersburg and Moscow, was launched with the aim of informing chess amateurs about the latest events in the chess world, particularly in Russia. The magazine lasted for just two issues - July and August 1911, before ceasing due to a lack of subscribers, and of suitable contributions from prominent chess players. Capablanca was featured in the first issue.

12. Ershte Jiddishe Shakh-Zeitung, Lodz 1913, editors G. Salwe and M. Kryshek. Sakharov (1968) 215, Di Felice 915, LN 6282.

As the title states, this was the first Jewish chess newspaper and just three fortnightly issues were published in partitioned Poland in October 1913.



13. Shakmatnyĭ Vestnik, Moscow 1913-1916, edited by S. P. Simson. Sakharov (1968) 216, Di Felice 2414, LN 6320.

Ostensibly a fortnightly magazine but many issues were double numbers. Alexander Alekhine's brother Alexey was the publisher and also conducted the correspondence tournaments. The editorial staff included O. S. Bernstein and D. N. Pavlov (Games), L. B. Zalkind and V. Platov (compositions), K. I. Isakov (Russian and foreign news) and A. S. Selevnev. Alexander Alekhine also contributed and features frequently in the magazine.

The International Grandmaster Tournament at St. Petersburg in 1914 naturally featured prominently, taking up most of the space in the 1st May and 15th May 1914 magazines with further games and coverage in later issues.

Шахматный Въстникъ.

Nº 10.

15 мая.

1914 г

УСЛОВІЯ ПОДПИСКИ: съ доставкой и пересылкой 5 руб. въ годъ, за границу 6 руб.; допускается разсрочка; при подпискъ — 3 руб. и 1 мая—2 руб. Наложеннымъ платежомъ номера журнала не высылаются. РЕДАКЦІЯ И КОНТОРА: Москва, Гранатный пер. 2, кв. 33. Кромъ того, подписка принимается въ конторъ Петковской: Москва, Петровскія Линіи.

Международный шахматный турниръ въ С.-Петербургъ. (Продолженіе).

Турниръ окончился. Результаты игры между пятью побъдителями слъдующіе:

,	Число очковъ въ предвари- тельномъ состязаніи.		-	-	-	00				1	5	Результать состязанія побідя- телей.	Общій репультать.
1. Ласкеръ	61/2	H	E	1/2	1	1	1	1	1/2	1	1	7	131/2
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3. Алехинъ	6	0	0	1/2	0		-	1	1	1	1/2	4	10
4. Tappaurs	61/2	0	1/2	0	1	.0	0	-		0	3/4	2	81/2
5. Маршалав	6	0	0	0	0	0	1/2	1	1/2	-		2	8

Итакъ, побъдителемъ изъ турнира вышелъ Ласкеръ, казалось, имъвшій на это очень мало шансовъ послѣ первой половины, гдѣ онъ оказался ниже Капабланки на цѣлыхъ 1½ очка. Въ турнирѣ побъдителей Ласкеръ выигралъ 6 партій изъ 8-ми, сдѣлавъ 2 ничьи и не проигравъ ни одной. Такимъ образомъ, общее количество выигранныхъ партій къ количеству сыгранныхъ достигаетъ у Ласкера въ турнирѣ побъдителей 87,5%, —болѣе такового же процентнаго отношенія Лондонскаго турнира 1899 г. (82,7%—21½ очка изъ 26); за весь же турниръ Ласкеръ имѣетъ 75% выигранныхъ партій (13½ изъ 18). Хотя только что окончившійся турниръ и не имѣлъ характера борьбы за званіе «Champion of the World», тѣмъ не менѣе Ласкеръ еще разъ показалъ, что онъ имѣетъ полное право носить это высокое званіе, которое онъ съ такою честью носитъ уже 20 лѣтъ. Капабланка, которому побѣда въ турнирѣ казалась почти обезпеченной послѣ первой половины, отсталъ отъ Ласкера всего на ½ очка, и если бы не непонятный

The magazine did much to popularise chess in Russia and took an active role in the formation of the All Russian Chess Union in 1914. The circulation reached 1,000, but high publishing costs and the onset of the First World War forced the closure in October 1916.

This was the final chess periodical to be published in Russia before the Great October Socialist Revolution in 1917.



14. Izvestiya Vserossiĭskago Shakhmatnago Obshchestva, 1914 and 1916. Sakharov (1968) 217, Di Felice 1187, LN 6322.

The newly formed All Russian Chess Union issued two bulletins on its progress and activities, in 1914 and 1916, containing information on the emergence of the Union, statutes, program of activities, list of members etc.

Issue No. 1, dated 25th June 1914 with 32 pages, was published in St. Petersburg (2,000 copies), and No. 2, although dated 15th February 1917, was included as a 12-page supplement to the September 1916 issue of the Moscow magazine Shakmatnyĭ Vestnik.

The Revolution in 1917, together with the first World War, followed by civil disturbances, brought organised chess activities in Russia almost to a standstill, and it was five years before the publication of chess periodicals recommenced in 1921.

Bibliography - additions to previous list

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- Feenstra Kuiper Dr. P., Hundert Jahre Schachturniere, 1851-1950, Amsterdam 1964.

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